

1.0 KEY FUND INFORMATION

1.1 Shariah Concept 1.2 Investment Currency 1.3 Fund Inception

Mudarabah Ringgit Malaysia June 2015

1.4 Product Classification

Unrestricted Investment Account refers to a type of investment account whereby the Investment Account Holder (IAH), without specifying any particular restrictions or conditions, provides the Bank with the mandate to make the ultimate decision to invest.

1.5 Investment Objectives

To invest in a low risk Investment Account (IA) that encourages savings while having an opportunity to win prizes via monthly, quarterly and regional draws. IAH may visit www.bankislam.com.my to view the list of winners.

1.6 Investment Strategies

Invest in secured retail financial assets. Currently, the Bank invests in its existing House and Fixed Asset (HFA) Financing Portfolio which is aimed at protecting the investment.

1.7 Nature of Investment Account

On demand, whereby IAHs are able to withdraw at any given point in time.

1.8 Investment Asset Allocation

The Bank will allocate IAH's fund in its existing House and Fixed Asset Financing Portfolio that generates stable profits.

1.9 Valuation of Allocated Asset

To be carried out on a monthly basis as part of the process to determine the returns to the IAH. The returns on this investment account will be affected by the performance of the allocated assets including, but not limited to, the quality of assets (i.e. impairment) and movement of Effective Profit Rate (EPR) in relation to financing assets that are priced based on floating rate methods etc. The principal and returns are not guaranteed and an IAH may be exposed to a risk of no returns at all. This investment account is not protected by Perbadanan Insurans Deposit Malaysia (PIDM).

However, the product structure is designed to mitigate the risk of losing the principal amount. In the event of a liquidation scenario, the IAHs are ranked ahead of depositors.

1.10 Distribution Policy

Profit will be distributed on a monthly basis, but will be calculated on a daily basis. The profit is based on the performance of the House and Fixed Asset Financing Portfolio.

1.11 Statement on Any Changes

There have been no changes in the investment objectives, strategies, restrictions and limitations during the quarter period.

1.12 Investor Profile

- Category of investors:
 - Individuals (Residents and Non-Residents)
 - Non-Individuals (Business/Other entities)
- Investors with low risk tolerance
- Investors who desire to win prizes
- Investors with either a short or medium term investment horizon
- Investors who require a portfolio of Shariah-compliant investments

Note: Investors are advised to carefully consider all risk factors before making an investment decision. Investors will be exposed to the following risks; market risk, credit risk, liquidity risk, operational risk and legal risk. Please visit Bank Islam's website for further explanation of each risk.

2.0 RISK STATEMENT

The Board of Directors of Bank Islam has the ultimate responsibility to manage risks related to its operations and business activities by setting risk appetite and tolerance levels that are consistent with the Bank's overall business objectives and desired risk profile. The Board Risk Committee, which is assisted by the Risk Management Divisions, ensures that there is an effective oversight on development of strategies, policies, procedures and infrastructure to manage the Bank's risks.

3.0 FUND PERFORMANCE

3.1 Fund Size and Growth

As at December 2020, Al-Awfar account fund balance was recorded at RM 4.4 billion.

Al-Awfar Investment Account Fund Size RM'000



3.2 Rate of Return

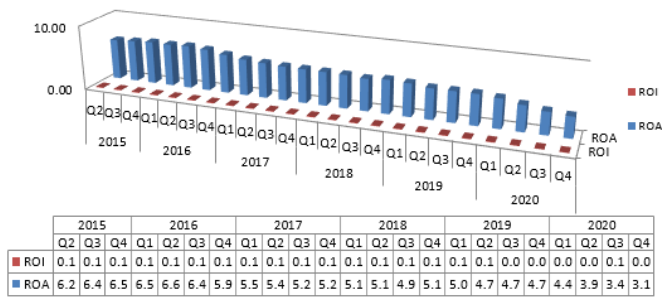
Position 2020	Return on Asset (ROA)* % (p.a.)	Profit Sharing Ratio (Customer: Bank)	Return on Investment (ROI) % (p.a.)
October	3.24%	2 : 98	0.05%
November	3.13%	2 : 98	0.05%
December	3.14%	2 : 98	0.05%

* ROA - allocated assets of the fund.

Note:

For further illustration, please refer to the Product Disclosure Sheet (PDS), Terms & Conditions and Investment Confirmation Notice (where applicable).

3.3 Historical Rate of Return



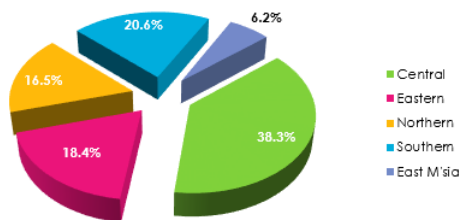
Note: The rates above are average annual rate of return on quarterly basis in percentage (%)

3.4 Income Statement

Profit & Loss Statement for the Quarter ended 31 December 2020			
	October	November	December
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Profit from financing**	11,892	11,512	12,371
Direct expenses*	-	-	-
Allowance for impairment on financing	(524)	(665)	(744)
Total Profit	11,368	10,847	11,627
Return on Asset (p.a.)	3.24%	3.13%	3.14%
Return on Investment (p.a.)	0.05%	0.05%	0.05%

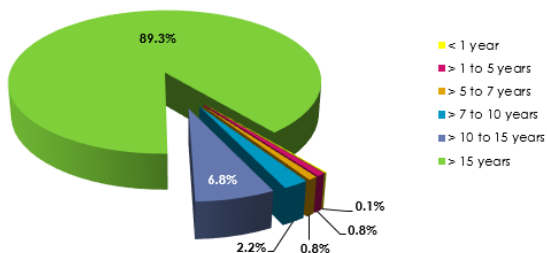
*Currently there are no charges imposed to this fund.
** Net with modification loss as a result of 6 months moratorium

3.5 House and Fixed Asset Financing Portfolio by Geographical Location in Malaysia



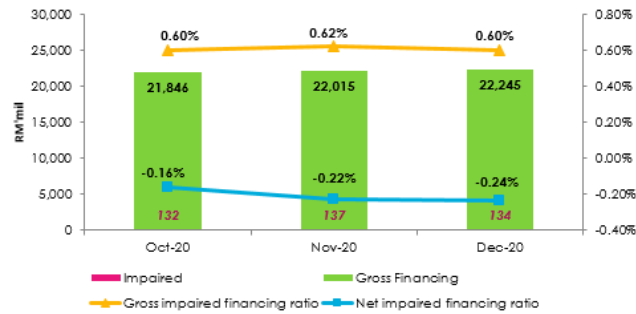
A total of 38.3% of the total House and Fixed Asset Financing Portfolio originates from the Central region. This reflects the concentration of the HFA portfolio to developed areas such as the Klang Valley.

3.6 House and Fixed Asset Financing Portfolio by Remaining Maturity of Facilities



The majority of the House and Fixed Asset Financing Portfolio has a maturity of more than 15 years. This will ensure stability in the profit stream of the HFA portfolio which can then benefit the investment return expectations, especially for long-term IAH.

3.7 Asset Quality of House and Fixed Asset Financing Portfolio



The portfolio's low impaired financing ratio reflects strong asset quality.

4.0 ECONOMIC REVIEW AND PROSPECT

The resurgence of Covid-19 infections has exacerbated the risks of slowdown in economic growth. As such, the recovery process is expected to be subdued in 2021. Thus far, BNM is maintaining its 2020 GDP contraction forecast between 3.5% and 5.5% before rebounding to 6.5% to 7.5% this year. Business sentiment has also been weakening as the pandemic has not only affected demand but also caused severe disruptions in the supply chain. This was in tandem with Malaysia's Manufacturing Purchasing Manager's Index (PMI) which has been below the 50-point threshold for the fifth straight month since August last year (December: 49.1 points vs. November: 48.4 points). Apart from that, the Industrial Production Index (IPI) dropped by 4.8% in 11M2020 compared to a 2.4% growth in the same period last year. Similarly, total exports slumped by 2.6% in 11M2020, extending the 1.2% fall in the same corresponding period in 2019.

5.0 PROPERTY MARKET AND HOUSE AND FIXED ASSET PORTFOLIO REVIEW

According to latest data published by National Property Information Centre's (NAPIC), Property market sector recorded 89,245 transactions worth RM33.78billion in Q32020, increased by 7.4% in volume but value declined by 2.4% as compared to Q32019 (83,085;RM34.62billion). With regard to residential properties, 55,845 transactions worth RM19.37billion were recorded in Q3 2020, an increase of 5.1% in volume and 6.9% in value as compared to Q3 2019 (53,115;RM18.12billion). As at Q32020, the number of residential overhang dropped in term of volume and value. There were 30,926 units worth RM19.99billion, a decrease of 2.3% in volume and 0.2% in value as compared to Q22020 (31,661;RM20.03billion). Newly launched houses priced below RM300,000 leading supply with 3,037 units (50.5%). By property type, terraced houses dominated the new launches with 3,127 units (51.3%) of the total units. The Malaysian House Price Index (MHPI) Q32020 stood at 197.8 points (RM426,809), decreased by 0.25% against Q22020 (198.3 points).

Bank Islam's Housing and Fixed Asset (HFA) portfolio stood at RM22.25 billion in December 2020, rising by 1.0% month-on-month (m-o-m) from RM22.02 billion in the preceding month (November 2020: 0.8%). During final quarter of 2020, HFA portfolio rose by 2.8% quarter-on-quarter (q-o-q), higher from RM21.65 billion in 3Q2020 to RM22.25 billion in 4Q2020, mainly propelled by the Home Ownership Campaign (HOC) to support the property market. On the other hand, Gross Impairment Ratio (GIR) inched up from 0.58% in September 2020 to 0.60% in December 2020. Nevertheless, the GIR is still lower compared to 1.17% at the industry level as of November 2020. Looking forward, the debt repayment trends could be affected by resurgence of Covid-19 which could weigh on the labour market.